Propaganda

How is it used?



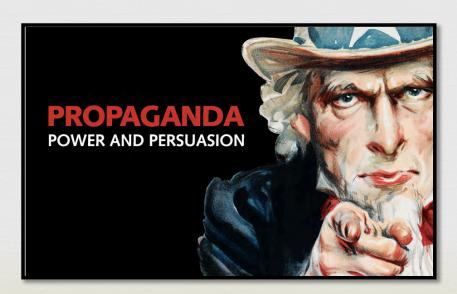






Propaganda

- Techniques used to influence opinions, emotions, attitudes or behavior.
 - The purpose is to benefit the sponsor.
 - It appeals to the emotions not the intellect.
 - The purpose is to persuade.



Characteristics of Propaganda



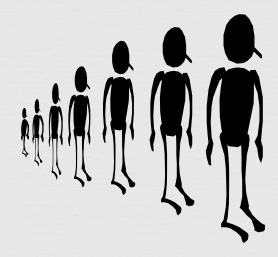
- In advertising the purpose is to claim "superiority" in order to sell product.
- - Examples: tackles, comforts, refreshes, fights, helps, virtually...
- Makes audience believe in something or want to do something.

Bandwagon

persuasive technique that invites you to join the crowd.

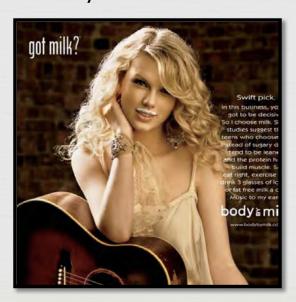
Often uses weasel words

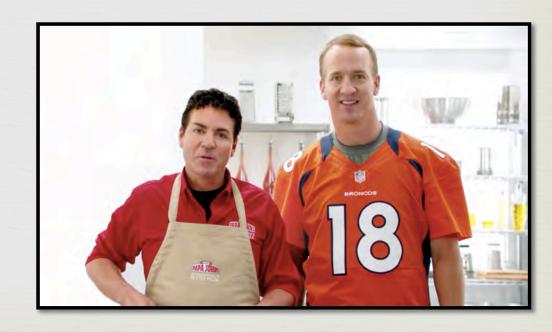




Testimonial

- Statement endorsing an idea/product by a prominent person.
- Reproduct can be inside or outside particular field.
- Musical artists,
- ≪ Sports giants,
- Actors / actresses





Snob Appeal

- Aims to flatter
- Makes assumption/ insinuation that this product/idea is better than others...
- ™ Thus, those that use it are too.
- "Avant Garde" ahead of the times.



The Ultimate Driving Machine



Plain Folks

- **™**Opposite of Snob Appeal
- □ Identifies product/idea with a locality or country





Patriotism

Rerson will financially help the country.







Evidence Claims

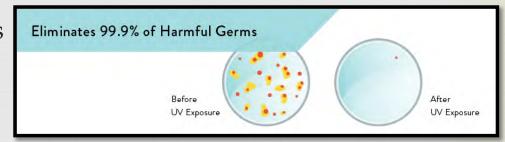
Facts and Figures – statistics to prove superiority.



Magic Ingredients – suggests some miraculous discovery makes product exceptionally effective.



caHidden Fears – suggests that user is safe from some danger.



Glittering Generalization

- ₩easel words used.
- Statement jumps from a few cases to all.
- Glittering"
 because it's falsely
 attractive
- Often used by politicians







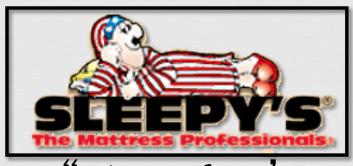
Transfer

- Positive feelings/desires are connected to a product/ user
- Transfers positive feelings we have of something we know to something we don't.
- Sex Appeal
- Love/ Popularity
- > Fame
- > Wealth
- > Power



Slogan

- A catchword or phrase loaded with emotion
- Often sells through repetition
- Stays with you a long time
- Often a melody you already know



Trust Sleepy's For the 'rest' Of your life"





Engaging Techniques:

diverts audience and gives a reason to laugh often through the use of clever visuals and/or language.

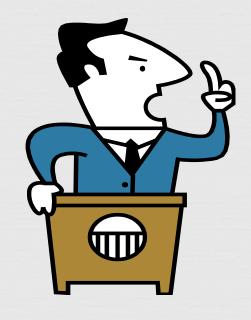
Rewards – bonus awarded to consumer for purchase. (Toys, gimmicks, rebates, free payment, etc.)





Name - Calling

- A way of smearing an opponent
- Intent is to damage opponent
- It also arouses suspicion of opponent
- Intention is to create an uneasy feeling
- Used by politicians and product companies

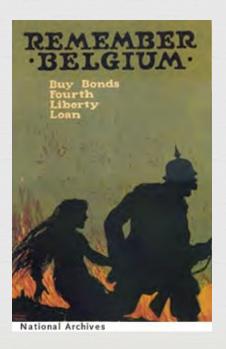




Big Lie

An outrageous falsehood
Captures attention because it's so outrageous
CaSomehow staggers audience into believing it









Scapegoat



- > A person carrying the blame for others
- > Retreats to prejudice rather than reason
- ➤ Mostly used in the political arena
- ➤ Wins audience through association or sympathy

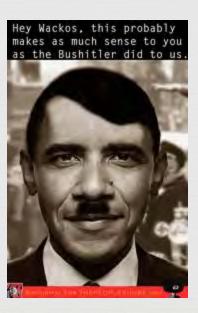


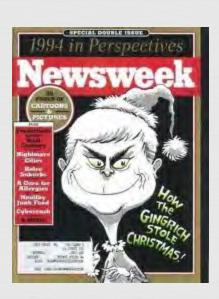


Demonization

- Making individuals from the opposing nation, from a different ethnic group, or those who support the opposing viewpoint appear to be subhuman















"Go! To the West!"



"Bolsheviks Unmasked"