Fitzgerald/World History Name \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Middle Ages Quiz**

\_\_\_\_ 1. Which of the following is one of the Five Pillars of Islam?

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| a. | wealth | c. | feasting |
| b. | pilgrimage | d. | conquest |

\_\_\_\_ 2. Those who practice Islam read Holy Scriptures from the

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| a. | the Makkah. | c. | Khadaji. |
| b. | the Quran. | d. | the Kaaba. |

\_\_\_\_ 3. The \_\_\_\_ was a set of unwritten rules that determined the relationship between a lord and his vassal.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| a. | fief | c. | feudal contract |
| b. | vassalage | d. | Book of the Dead |

\_\_\_\_ 4. The lord-vassal relationship did all of the following EXCEPT

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| a. | not imply a sense of servitude. | c. | grant the vassal land. |
| b. | require military service. | d. | involve salary for the vassal. |

\_\_\_\_ 5. The vassal’s duties did NOT involve

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| a. | military service. | c. | running markets. |
| b. | appearing at court. | d. | providing advice. |

\_\_\_\_ 6. Owners of large landed estates did NOT include

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| a. | barons. | c. | kings. |
| b. | dukes. | d. | serfs. |

\_\_\_\_ 7. In 1066, William of Normandy

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a. | tried to invade England, but was soundly defeated by King Harold’s forces. |
| b. | was forced to sign the Magna Carta. |
| c. | called for the death of Thomas à Becket. |
| d. | invaded England, soundly defeating King Harold’s forces at the Battle of Hastings. |

\_\_\_\_ 8. The Carolingian Renaissance was

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| a. | an artistic movement. | c. | a theatrical troupe. |
| b. | a revival of learning and culture. | d. | the rewriting of history by peasants. |

\_\_\_\_ 9. The Magna Carta was a document that

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a. | established peace between the Normans and the French. |
| b. | eventually was used to strengthen the idea that a monarch’s power was limited, not absolute. |
| c. | conceded power over the courts to the Roman Catholic Church. |
| d. | established the first English Parliament and defined its powers to grant taxes and pass laws. |

Fill in the Blank

10. People sent out to carry a religious message were \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

11. Knights showed their fighting skills in contests called \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

12. In 1215, at Runnymede, King John signed a document of rights called the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**Matching**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| a. | fief | d. | feudalism |
| b. | knight | e. | Vikings |
| c. | chivalry |

\_\_\_\_ 13. armed cavalry

\_\_\_\_ 14. Germanic warriors from Scandinavia

\_\_\_\_ 15. grant of land to a vassal

\_\_\_\_ 16. code of honor guiding nobility

\_\_\_\_ 17. system of government where lords grant

land to vassals

Bonus: *2 pts*

From top to bottom, list the 4 groups of people involved in the feudal system.