World History Study Guide Name \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

98 points possible

Use chapter 19, 20, 21 and notes to complete the following. You must have ***80 points*** to take the study guide home.

**Due Date \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

A. Identify or define. Attach definitions to the back of the study guide and ***NUMBER*** your definitions.

1. Abolitionism
2. Romanticism
3. Socialism
4. Plebiscite
5. Conservatism
6. Puddling
7. Liberalism
8. Entrepreneur
9. Industrial capitalism
10. Modernism
11. Dictatorship
12. Literacy
13. Feminism
14. Proletariat
15. Bourgeoisie
16. Imperialism
17. Protectorate
18. Indirect rule
19. Direct rule
20. Annex
21. Indigenous
22. Viceroy
23. Monroe Doctrine
24. Creole

B. Multiple choice

\_\_\_\_ 1. The production of \_\_\_\_ was one of the first industries to be affected by the Industrial Revolution.

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| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| a. | automobiles | c. | toys |
| b. | cotton cloth | d. | furniture |

\_\_\_\_ 2. The factory created a new labor system in which

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| --- | --- |
| a. | products were produced by an assembly line of workers and animals. |
| b. | workers had to adjust to periods of hectic work, followed by periods of inactivity. |
| c. | machines were valued more highly than the men who ran them. |
| d. | workers had to work regular hours and do the same work over and over. |

\_\_\_\_ 3. By 1830, two-thirds of the British cotton industry’s workforce were

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| a. | rural farm families who had moved to the city from Canada. |
| b. | immigrants from France and Belgium. |
| c. | women and children. |
| d. | slaves from Africa and South America. |

\_\_\_\_ 4. Prince Klemens von Metternich’s claim that he was guided by the principle of legitimacy meant

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| --- | --- |
| a. | territories would only be returned to those who had a legitimate claim to them. |
| b. | lawful monarchs from the royal families that had ruled before Napoleon would be restored to power. |
| c. | he was the legitimate and lawful heir to the throne of Denmark. |
| d. | the old tensions that had existed prior to Napoleon would resurface. |

\_\_\_\_ 5. \_\_\_\_ is the belief that people should be as free as possible from government restraints.

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| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| a. | Nationalism | c. | Industrial capitalism |
| b. | Monoculturalism | d. | Liberalism |

\_\_\_\_ 6. Otto von Bismarck practiced *realpolitik*, which was

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| --- | --- |
| a. | a theory of politics based on practical matters rather than theory or ethics. |
| b. | the view that military might equaled political might. |
| c. | a belief that animals have political rights. |
| d. | the study of the governments of other nations, both past and present. |

\_\_\_\_ 7. The formation of the Confederate States of America was sparked by

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| --- | --- |
| a. | the battle at Fort Sumter. |
| b. | the decision of the Kentucky convention to secede from the United States. |
| c. | the election of Abraham Lincoln as president of the United States. |
| d. | the assassination of Abraham Lincoln by John Wilkes Booth. |

\_\_\_\_ 8. \_\_\_\_ emphasized feelings and imagination as sources of knowing.

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| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| a. | Rationalism | c. | Conservatism |
| b. | Romanticism | d. | *Realpolitik* |

\_\_\_\_ 9. To Darwin, \_\_\_\_ was central to organic evolution.

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| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| a. | natural selection | c. | natural production |
| b. | genetic engineering | d. | organic selection |

\_\_\_\_ 10. The British novelist Charles Dickens became very successful with his

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| --- | --- |
| a. | romantic novels focusing on the pastoral life of Britain’s farming community. |
| b. | Gothic novels showing the dangers of man’s attempt to dominate nature. |
| c. | secular novels portraying criminals who were evil. |
| d. | realistic novels focusing on the lower and middle classes in Britain. |

\_\_\_\_ 11. The \_\_\_\_ was crucial to Britain’s Industrial Revolution.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| a. | bicycle | c. | water-powered loom |
| b. | flying shuttle | d. | steam engine |

\_\_\_\_ 12. The pitiful conditions created by the Industrial Revolution gave rise to

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| --- | --- |
| a. | the Iron Workers’ Revolt of 1886. |
| b. | the organization of charitable groups. |
| c. | socialism, in which society owns and controls the means of production. |
| d. | a cry for rights for animals that worked in coal mines. |

\_\_\_\_ 13. According the principle of intervention, the great powers of Europe had the right to

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| --- | --- |
| a. | borrow food from one another in times of economic crisis within their countries. |
| b. | send armies into countries where there were revolutions in order to restore legitimate monarchs to power. |
| c. | take one another’s territories without asking. |
| d. | have representatives with voting privileges in one another’s governments. |

\_\_\_\_ 14. The effect of the Crimean War was to

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| --- | --- |
| a. | destroy the gold fields in the Crimea. |
| b. | force the Estonian economy into a decline that lasted for twenty years. |
| c. | strengthen the Concert of Europe with the addition of France. |
| d. | destroy the Concert of Europe and leave Austria without friends among the great powers. |

\_\_\_\_ 15. The \_\_\_\_ established a self-governing Canadian nation.

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| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| a. | Treaty of France in 1763 | c. | Canadian Revolution |
| b. | British North America Act | d. | Declaration of Canadian Liberty |

\_\_\_\_ 16. Who proposed the germ theory of disease?

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| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| a. | Farhid Molotof | c. | Louis Pasteur |
| b. | Michael Faraday | d. | Charles Darwin |

\_\_\_\_ 17. \_\_\_\_ was a literary and visual arts movement that rejected romanticism.

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| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| a. | Evolutionism | c. | Secularism |
| b. | Nationalism | d. | Realism |

\_\_\_\_ 18. In the Second Industrial Revolution, what led the way to new industrial frontiers?

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| --- | --- |
| a. | textiles, railroads, iron, and coal |
| b. | a true world economy, internal-combustion engines, and new products |
| c. | radios, telephones, light bulbs, and telegraphs |
| d. | steel, chemicals, electricity, and petroleum |

\_\_\_\_ 19. According to Karl Marx, the \_\_\_\_, or working class, was oppressed by the middle class.

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| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| a. | proletariat | c. | socialists |
| b. | bourgeoisie | d. | Communists |

\_\_\_\_ 20. By 1914, trade unions had

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| --- | --- |
| a. | been outlawed in most of Europe and in the United States. |
| b. | called so many strikes that overall production dropped drastically. |
| c. | bettered both the living and working conditions of the working class. |
| d. | the full support of all religious organizations. |

\_\_\_\_ 21. Although they made up only 5 percent of the population in the early 1900s, which class controlled 30 to 40 percent of the wealth?

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| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| a. | the new working poor | c. | the middle class |
| b. | the new elite | d. | the working class |

\_\_\_\_ 22. \_\_\_\_ founded the Female Association for the Care of the Poor and the Sick in Hamburg, Germany.

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| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| a. | Florence Nightingale | c. | Emmeline Pankhurst |
| b. | Amelia Earhart | d. | Amalie Sieveking |

\_\_\_\_ 23. What was the name of the legislative assemble created by Czar Nicholas II?

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| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| a. | Duma | c. | Magyar |
| b. | Marxist Social Soviet Party | d. | Red Parliament |

\_\_\_\_ 24. The alliance between Great Britain, Russia, and France was known as the

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| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| a. | Western Advance. | c. | Allied Powers. |
| b. | Triple Entente. | d. | League of Nations. |

\_\_\_\_ 25. According to Albert Einstein’s special theory of relativity,

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| --- | --- |
| a. | if all material things disappear out of the universe, only other stuff would remain. |
| b. | only space and time exist independently of the human experience. |
| c. | if all material things disappear out of the universe, time and space would disappear with them. |
| d. | matter and energy are two separate, distinct monads. |

\_\_\_\_ 26. Symbolists believed that the world was a collection of symbols that

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| --- | --- |
| a. | reflected the true reality, which was the individual human mind. |
| b. | could only be interpreted by Freudian psychoanalysis. |
| c. | reveal the secrets of the Free Masons. |
| d. | did not always represent what they appeared to represent. |

\_\_\_\_ 27. Functionalism was the idea that

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| --- | --- |
| a. | artists should forego traditional studios and paint in the countryside. |
| b. | artists should paint with only three colors. |
| c. | art could use geometric designs to recreate reality in the viewer’s mind. |
| d. | buildings, like the products of machines, should be useful and lack unnecessary ornamentation. |

\_\_\_\_ 28. \_\_\_\_ sent the first radio waves across the Atlantic in 1901.

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| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| a. | Alexander Graham Bell | c. | Guglielmo Marconi |
| b. | Thomas Edison | d. | Joseph Swan |

\_\_\_\_ 29. The internal-combustion engine gave rise to

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| --- | --- |
| a. | severe air pollution in two industrialized cities. |
| b. | automobiles, airplanes, and improved ocean liners. |
| c. | streetcars and subways. |
| d. | a true American economy. |

\_\_\_\_ 30. \_\_\_\_ were Marxists who rejected the revolutionary approach in favor of a more political approach.

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| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| a. | Social Soviets | c. | Proletariats |
| b. | Unionists | d. | Revisionists |

\_\_\_\_ 31. In the early 1900s, how much of the European population belonged to the working class?

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| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| a. | 40 percent | c. | 80 percent |
| b. | 62.7 percent | d. | 98 percent |

\_\_\_\_ 32. Emmeline Pankhurst and her daughters founded the

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| --- | --- |
| a. | Women’s Social and Political Union. |
| b. | Red Cross. |
| c. | Young Women’s Christian Association. |
| d. | Society for the Advancement of Women. |

\_\_\_\_ 33. The principle of ministerial responsibility is the idea that

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| a. | church ministers should be responsible for a portion of the legislative process. |
| b. | the prime minister is responsible to the popularly elected legislative body and not to the executive officer. |
| c. | high-ranking government officials are legally accountable for the actions of the president and his family. |
| d. | elected officials are responsible to the people and should act in the people’s best interest. |

\_\_\_\_ 34. The alliance of Germany, Austria-Hungary, and Italy was known as the

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| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| a. | Austro-Germany Empire. | c. | Triple Alliance. |
| b. | Axis Powers. | d. | Eastern Powers. |

\_\_\_\_ 35. Whose discovery of radium changed the world’s view of the atom?

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| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| a. | Albert Einstein’s | c. | Friedrich von Bernhardi’s |
| b. | Marie Curie’s | d. | Houston Stewart Chamberlain’s |

\_\_\_\_ 36. According to Sigmund Freud, human behavior was

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| a. | ruled by two related emotions: love and pity. |
| b. | determined by the physical makeup of the brain, and could not be altered. |
| c. | the one factor that made human beings superior to all other animals. |
| d. | strongly determined by repressed experiences. |

\_\_\_\_ 37. \_\_\_\_ was a Postimpressionist painter for whom art was a spiritual experience.

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| a. | Vincent van Gogh | c. | Pierre-August Renoir |
| b. | Claude Monet | d. | Berthe Morisot |

\_\_\_\_ 38. Who established the colony of Singapore?

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| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| a. | Sir Stamford Raffles | c. | Commodore George Dewey |
| b. | King Mongkut | d. | King Chulalongkorn |

\_\_\_\_ 39. If a colony was run by \_\_\_\_, local elites were removed from power and replaced with a new set of officials from the mother country.

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| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| a. | divine rule | c. | direct rule |
| b. | colonial rule | d. | Queensbury rule |

\_\_\_\_ 40. Originally sent to Africa to find David Livingstone, Henry Stanley was

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| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| a. | killed going down the Congo River. | c. | a liar and a thief. |
| b. | hired by King Leopold II of Belgium. | d. | the author of many cartoons. |

\_\_\_\_ 41. The only free states remaining in Africa by 1914 were

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| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| a. | Liberia and Ethiopia. | c. | Egypt and Morocco. |
| b. | Nigeria and Rhodesia. | d. | Rhodesia and Algeria. |

\_\_\_\_ 42. \_\_\_\_ set up a nonviolent movement with the aim to force the British to aid the poor and grant independence to India.

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| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| a. | Rabindranath Tagore | c. | Mohandas Gandhi |
| b. | The Indian National Congress | d. | Lord Thomas Macaulay |

\_\_\_\_ 43. \_\_\_\_ joined José de San Martín’s forces to complete the liberation of Peru.

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| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| a. | Agustín de Iturbide | c. | Montezuma |
| b. | Miguel Hidalgo | d. | Simón Bolívar |

\_\_\_\_ 44. What was the “white man’s burden”?

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| --- | --- |
| a. | bigger, stronger Europeans could carry more baggage |
| b. | the belief that Europeans had a moral responsibility to civilize primitive peoples |
| c. | the crowded urban living conditions created by the Second Industrial Revolution |
| d. | the unpopular belief that Europeans were responsible for the mass destruction of many African cultures |

\_\_\_\_ 45. \_\_\_\_ led a movement for independence in the Philippines.

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| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| a. | Albert Beveridge | c. | Emilio Aguinaldo |
| b. | King Chulalongkorn | d. | Commodore George Dewey |

\_\_\_\_ 46. Who seized power in Egypt in 1805 and established a separate Egyptian state?

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| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| a. | Muhammad Ali | c. | Muhammad Ahmad |
| b. | Ferdinand de Lesseps | d. | General Charles Gordon |

\_\_\_\_ 47. The Boers were descendants of

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| --- | --- |
| a. | the indigenous Zulu peoples of South Africa. |
| b. | Watusi nomads, who had been driven south by German colonists. |
| c. | the original Dutch settlers of Cape Town and the surrounding areas. |
| d. | German colonists who pushed the Zulu peoples out of Nigeria. |

\_\_\_\_ 48. Who was the Indian author who was also a social reformer, spiritual leader, educator, philosopher, singer, and painter?

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| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| a. | Rabindranath Tagore | c. | Mohandas Gandhi |
| b. | Apu Nahasapeemapetilon | d. | Mumbai Gujarat |

\_\_\_\_ 49. The conservative elites in Mexico chose \_\_\_\_ to lead a revolt against Spanish rule.

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| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| a. | Sancho Panza | c. | Agustín de Iturbide |
| b. | Miguel Hidalgo | d. | Simón Bolívar |

\_\_\_\_ 50. \_\_\_\_ overthrew Porfirio Díaz to gain control of Mexico.

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| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| a. | Emiliano Zapata | c. | Miguel Hidalgo |
| b. | Francisco Madero | d. | Agustín de Iturbide |

C. Fill in the Blank

51. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ were people interested in finding new business opportunities and new ways to make profits.

52. Labor for factories during the Industrial Revolution came mostly from the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ population.

53. The most important factor in the development of an American transportation system was the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

54. Liberals in Europe believed in the protection of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ liberties.

55. The 38 independent German states recognized by the Congress of Vienna in 1815 were called the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

56. The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ met to draft a constitution for a unified Germany.

57. One of the leaders of the Italian unification effort was \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

58. The unification of Germany was accomplished by the Prussian Prime Minister \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

59. Hungary was made independent of Austria in domestic affairs by the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of 1867.

60. The romantic French painter Eugène \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ believed that a painting should be a feast to the eye.

61. During the Industrial Revolution, people increasingly rejected religion or religious consideration. This was called \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

62. The brutal life led by the urban poor in England was described in literature by \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

63. Two conditions driving colonization by major European countries were the search for markets for manufactured goods and the need to obtain \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

64. By promoting friendly relations with the European powers, King Mongkut was able to maintain the independence of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

65. As a result of the Spanish-American War, the United States acquired the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

66. In 1869, the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ was completed to connect the Mediterranean to the Red Sea.

67. General \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ was killed when he tried to reestablish Egyptian authority over Sudan.

68. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ was the British leader who was forced to resign because he planned to overthrow the government of the South African Republic.

69. A general distrust of the British by Indian soldiers, plus specific rumors that their religious beliefs were being deliberately disrespected, led to the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

70. In 1885, a small group of Indians met in Mumbai to form the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

71. The cultural revival in India began in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

72. The descendants of Europeans born in Latin America were called \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

73. José de San Martín of Argentina and Simón Bolívar of Venezuela were called the “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of South America.”

74. Built to allow passage from the Atlantic to the Pacific across Central America, the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ was opened in 1914.